

1 KZY35A-1

2 By Representative Garrett

3 RFD: Health

4 First Read: 20-Apr-23

5



1	
2	
3	
4	SYNOPSIS:
5	Under existing law, the Alabama Board of
6	Optometry regulates the practice of optometry in the
7	state.
8	This bill would provide further for the
9	definition of the scope of practice of an optometrist.
10	This bill would establish the board as a
11	certifying board so as to be included in the definition
12	of certifying boards under the Alabama Controlled
13	Substances Act.
14	This bill would make nonsubstantive, technical
15	revisions to update existing code language to current
16	style.
17	
18	
19	A BILL
20	TO BE ENTITLED
21	AN ACT
22	
23	Relating to the Alabama Board of Optometry; to amend
24	Section 34-22-1, Code of Alabama 1975, to provide further for
25	the scope of practice of an optometrist; to add 34-22-20.1 to
26	the Code of Alabama 1975, to authorize optometrists to

add Section 34-22-20.2 to the Code of Alabama 1975, to

27

administer certain vaccinations in certain circumstances; to



- 29 prohibit an optometrist from using "surgeon" in advertising;
- 30 to add 34-22-40.1 to the Code of Alabama 1975, to establish
- 31 the board as a certifying board under the Alabama Controlled
- 32 Substances Act; to amend Section 20-2-2, Code of Alabama 1975,
- 33 to include the Alabama Board of Optometry in the definition of
- 34 certifying boards, with certain exceptions; and to make
- 35 nonsubstantive, technical revisions to update existing code
- 36 language to current style.
- 37 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
- 38 Section 1. Sections 34-22-1 and 20-2-2, Code of Alabama
- 39 1975, are amended to read as follows:
- 40 "\$34-22-1
- For the purposes of this chapter, the following terms
- 42 shall have the respective following meanings ascribed by this
- 43 section:
- 44 (1) BOARD. The Alabama Board of Optometry.
- 45 (2) HUMAN EYE AND ITS ADJACENT STRUCTURES. The eye and
- 46 all structures situated within the orbit, including the
- 47 conjunctiva, lids, lashes, and lachrymallacrimal system.
- 48 (3) PHARMACEUTICAL AGENTS. Any diagnostic and
- therapeutic drug or combination of drugs that has the property
- of assisting in the diagnosis, prevention, treatment, or
- 51 mitigation of abnormal conditions or symptoms of the human eye
- 52 and its adjacent structures.
- 53 (4) PRACTICE OF OPTOMETRY.
- 54 a. The practice of optometry is a learned profession
- involving the examination, measurement by objective and
- 56 subjective means, diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of any

57	departure from the normal of the human eyes, their adjacent
58	structures, and visual system. The practice of optometry
59	includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:
60	1. The adapting and fitting of all types of lenses or
61	devices, including, contact lenses. \cdot ; the
62	2. The determination of refractive error and shape of
63	the eye and visual, muscular, or anatomical anomalies of the
64	eye through the use of any means including the use of any self
65	testing devices and the use of any computerized or automatic
66	refracting device .; the
67	3. The determination and prescribing of spectacle or
68	contact lens parameters .; the
69	4. The administering and prescription of pharmaceutical
70	agents rational to the diagnosis and treatment of disease of
71	the human eye and its adjacent structures; the
72	$\underline{\text{5. The}}$ removal of superficial foreign bodies from the
73	human eye and its adjacent structures .; the
74	6. The providing of developmental and perceptual
75	therapy for the vision system.; the
76	7. The utilization of any method or means to diagnose
77	and treat diseases of the human eye and its adjacent
78	structures as determined and approved by the board, subject to
79	the limitations of this chapter .; the
80	8. The performance of primary eye care procedures or
81	ordering of laboratory tests rational to the diagnosis and
82	treatment of conditions or disease of the human eye and its
83	adjacent structures as determined and approved by the board,

84 subject to the limitations of this chapter. The practice of



optometry shall include the

9. The prescribing and administering of narcotic		
analgesics pursuant to the Alabama Uniform Controlled		
Substances Act, except for narcotic analgesics classified		
under Schedule I and II, and any Schedule III pharmaceutical		
agents that contain Dihydrocodeinone, ("Hydrocodone"). The		
prescribing or administering of any other Schedule III		
pharmaceutical agent shall be limited to a prescription, the		
duration of which does not exceed 96 hours. Notwithstanding		
any provision of this chapter to the contrary, the practice of		
optometry shall include the		
10. The prescribing and administering of pharmaceutical		
agents which are commonly known as steroids: provided		

agents which are commonly known as steroids; provided,
however, the prescribing and administering of pharmaceutical
agents for the treatment of the human eye and its adjacent
structures shall be limited to those optometrists approved by
the board. Optometrists are prohibited from performing
injections into the eyeball, cataract surgery, muscle surgery,
retinal surgery, radial keratotomy, laser surgery,
cryosurgery, or any other invasive surgery. The Alabama Board
of Optometry shall be a certifying board as defined in Section
20-2-2, except as limited by this chapter. The practice of
optometry shall include the authority to administer benedryl

11. The administering of benadryl, epinephrine, or other medication to counteract anaphylaxis or anaphylactic reaction. The use and prescribing of pharmaceutical agents for the treatment of the human eye and its adjacent structures shall be limited to those optometrists approved by the board.



113	12. Intense pulsed light treatment (IPL), which
114	consists of using non-invasive devices delivering intense
115	pulsed light therapy or low-level light therapy that do not
116	rely on laser technology, limited to treatment of conditions
117	and diseases of the adnexa of the eye.
118	13. Fluorescein angiography, which consists of
119	performing an intravenous injection for the purpose of
120	performing ocular angiography, at the direction of a licensed
121	physician as part of an active treatment plan in a setting
122	where a licensed physician is immediately available.
123	14. The administering of vaccinations pursuant to
124	Section 34-22-20.1.
125	15. The removal of skin lesions, limited to those on
126	the face and within the immediate vicinity of the eye, but
127	excluding the eyelid margin and using only topical or
128	subcutaneous anesthetics.
129	16. The performing of Yttrium Aluminum Garnet laser
130	capsulotomy and trabeculoplasty, provided a licensed
131	optometrist may perform a laser capsulotomy and
132	trabeculoplasty independently only if he or she has completed
133	36 hours of board-approved specialized training in those
134	procedures and has personally performed at least 10 procedures
135	on live human patients under the direct supervision of a
136	physician licensed to practice medicine in the state and
137	specializing in ophthalmology.
138	b. The term does not include, and optometrists are
139	prohibited from performing, injections into the eyeball,
140	cataract surgery, muscle surgery, retinal surgery, radial



- 141 keratotomy, refractive laser surgery, cryosurgery, Yttrium
- 142 Aluminum Garnet peripheral iridotomy, or any other invasive
- surgery.
- 144 "\$20-2-2
- When used in this chapter, the following words and
- 146 phrases shall have the following meanings, respectively,
- 147 unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 148 (1) ADMINISTER. The direct application of a controlled
- substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any
- other means, to the body of a patient or research subject by
- 151 either of the following:
- a. A practitioner or, in his or her presence, his or
- 153 her authorized agent.
- b. The patient or research subject at the direction and
- in the presence of the practitioner.
- 156 (2) AGENT. An authorized person who acts on behalf of
- 157 or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor, or
- 158 dispenser. The term does not include a common or contract
- 159 carrier, public warehouseman, or employee of the carrier or
- 160 warehouseman.
- 161 (3) CERTIFYING BOARDS. The State Board of Medical
- 162 Examiners, the State Board of Health, the State Board of
- 163 Pharmacy, the State Board of Dental Examiners, the State Board
- of Podiatry, and the State Board of Veterinary Medical
- 165 Examiners, and the Alabama Board of Optometry only to the
- extent authorized by Chapter 22 of Title 34.
- 167 (4) CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE. A drug, substance, or
- immediate precursor in Schedules I through V of Article 2 of



169 this chapter.

175

- (5) COUNTERFEIT SUBSTANCE. Substances which, or the
 container or labeling of which, without authorization, bears
 the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint,
 number, or device or any likeness thereof of a manufacturer,
 distributor, or dispenser other than the person who in fact
- 176 (6) DELIVER or DELIVERY. The actual, constructive, or 177 attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled 178 substance, whether or not there is an agency relationship.

manufactured, distributed, or dispensed the substance.

- 179 (7) DISPENSE. To deliver a controlled substance to an

 180 ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the lawful

 181 order of a practitioner, including the prescribing,

 182 administering, packaging, labeling, or compounding necessary

 183 to prepare the substance for that delivery.
- 184 (8) DISPENSER. A practitioner who dispenses.
- 185 (9) DISTRIBUTE. To deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance.
- 187 (10) DISTRIBUTOR. A person who distributes.
- 188 (11) DRUG.
- a. Substances recognized as drugs in the official
 United States pharmacopoeia, official homeopathic
 pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official national
 formulary or any supplement to any of them.
- b. Substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in man or animals.
- 196 c. Substances, (other than food), intended to affect



- 197 the structure or any function of the body of man or animals.
- d. Substances intended for use as a component of any
- 199 article specified in paragraphs a., b., or c. Such The term
- 200 does not include devices or their components, parts, or
- 201 accessories.
- 202 (12) IMMEDIATE PRECURSOR. A substance that the State
- 203 Board of Pharmacy has found to be and by rule designates as
- 204 being the principal compound commonly used or produced
- 205 primarily for use and that is an immediate chemical
- 206 intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a
- 207 controlled substance, the control of which is necessary to
- 208 prevent, curtail, or limit manufacture.
- 209 (13) MANUFACTURE. The production, preparation,
- 210 propagation, compounding, conversion, or processing of a
- 211 controlled substance, either directly or indirectly, by
- 212 extraction from substances of natural origin or independently
- 213 by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of
- 214 extraction and chemical synthesis, and includes any packaging
- 215 or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of
- 216 its container.; except, that this The term does not include
- 217 the preparation, compounding, packaging, or labeling of a
- 218 controlled substance by either of the following:
- a. A practitioner as an incident to his or her
- 220 administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the
- 221 course of his or her professional practice.
- 222 b. A practitioner or his or her authorized agent under
- 223 his or her supervision for the purpose of or as an incident to
- research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale.



225	(14) MARIJUANA. All parts of the plant Cannabis sativa
226	L., whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, the resin
227	extracted from any part of the plant, and every compound,
228	manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the
229	plant, its seeds or resin. The term does not include the
230	mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks,
231	oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other
232	compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or
233	preparation of the mature stalks (except the resin extracted
234	therefrom), fiber, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of the
235	plant which is incapable of germination. Marijuana does not
236	include hemp as defined in Section 2-8-381.

- 237 (15) NARCOTIC DRUG. Any of the following, whether
 238 produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances
 239 of vegetable origin or independently by means of chemical
 240 synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical
 241 synthesis:
- a. Opium and opiate and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or opiate.
- b. Any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or

 preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or

 identical with any of the substances referred to in paragraph

 a., but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium.
 - c. Opium poppy and poppy straw.

248

d. Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or
preparation of coca leaves and any salt, compound, isomer,
derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically
equivalent or identical with any of these substances, but not



- including decocainized coca leaves or extractions of coca leaves that do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.
- 255 (16) OPIATE. Any substance having an addiction-forming 256 or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being 257 capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or 258 addiction-sustaining liability. The term does not include, 259 unless specifically designated as controlled under this 260 section, the dextrorotatory isomer of 261 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). 262 Such The term does include its racemic and levorotatory forms.
- 263 (17) OPIUM POPPY. The plant of the species Papaver 264 somniferum L., except its seeds.
- 265 (18) PERSON. Individual, corporation, government or 266 governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, 267 trust, partnership, or association or any other legal entity.
- 268 (19) POPPY STRAW. All parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.
- 270 (20) PRACTITIONER.

276

277

278

279

280

- a. A physician, dentist, veterinarian, scientific investigator, or other person licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, or to administer a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state.
 - b. A pharmacy, hospital, or other institution licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, or to administer a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state.



- 281 (21) PRODUCTION. The manufacture, planting,
 282 cultivation, growing, or harvesting of a controlled substance.
- 283 (22) STATE. When applied to a part of the United
 284 States, the term includes any state, district, commonwealth,
 285 territory, insular possession thereof, and any area subject to
 286 the legal authority of the United States of America.
- 287 (23) ULTIMATE USER. A person who lawfully possesses a
 288 controlled substance for his or her own use or for the use of
 289 a member of his or her household or for administering to an
 290 animal owned by him or her or by a member of his or her
 291 household."
- 292 Section 2. Sections 34-22-20.1, 34-22-20.2, and
 293 34-22-40.1 are added to the Code of Alabama 1975, to read as
 294 follows:
- 295 \$34-22-20.1
- independently initiate and administer vaccinations for influenza, herpes zoster virus, pneumococcus, and SARS-CoV-2 in compliance with individual Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) vaccine recommendations published by the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) in individuals 18 years of age or older.
- 303 (b) To administer vaccinations, a licensed optometrist
 304 must complete a vaccination training program endorsed by the
 305 Centers for Disease Control, be certified in basic life
 306 support, and comply with all state and federal record keeping
 307 and reporting requirements.
- 308 \$34-22-20.2



309	An optometrist may not use the word "surgeon" in
310	advertisements or signage for his or her practice.
311	\$34-22-40.1
312	The Alabama Board of Optometry is a certifying board as
313	defined in Section 20-2-2, except as limited by this chapter.
314	Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first
315	day of the third month following its passage and approval by
316	the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.